



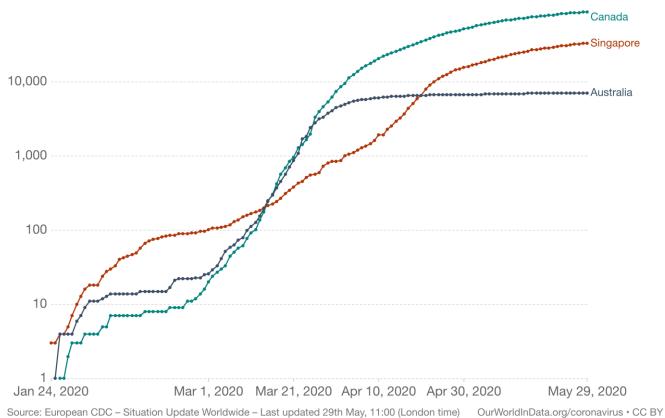
J une 1, 2020



### **COVID-19 Cases**

Note: Logarithmic

#### Total confirmed COVID-19 cases



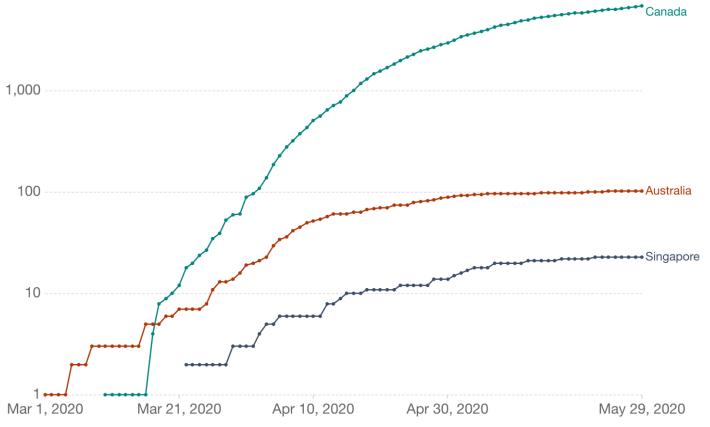


### **COVID-19 Deaths**

Note: Logarithmic

#### Total confirmed COVID-19 deaths

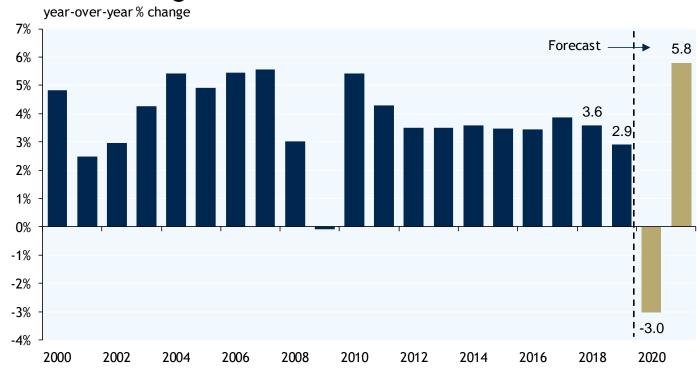
Limited testing and challenges in the attribution of the cause of death means that the number of confirmed deaths may not be an accurate count of the true number of deaths from COVID-19.





### World economy in sharp downturn

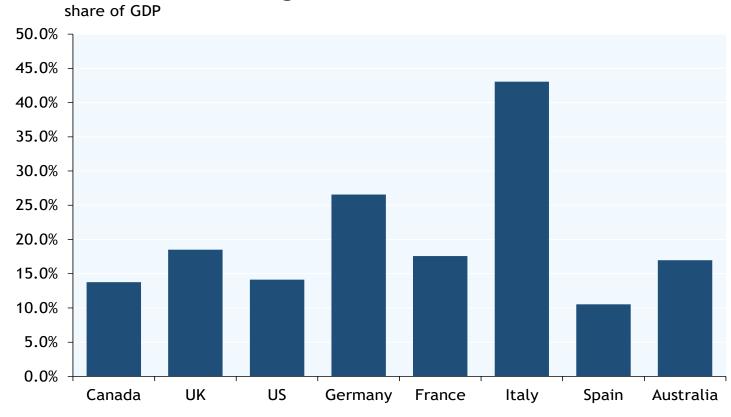
#### Global GDP growth



Source: IMF, RBC Economics

### Governments are providing record levels of support

**COVID-19 total government measures** 

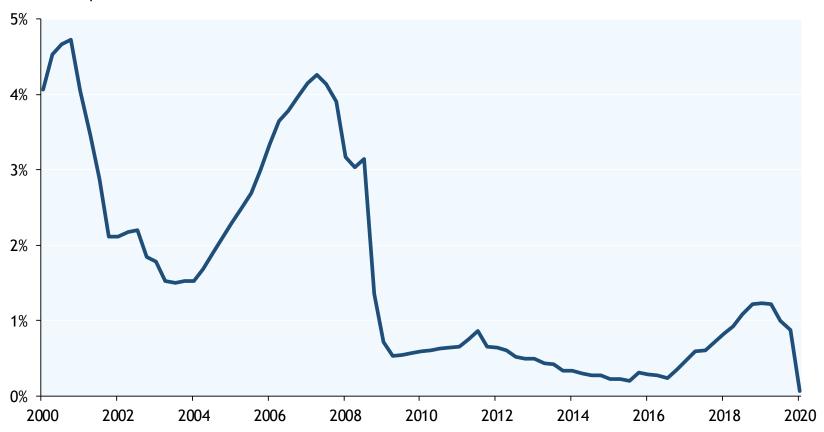


Source: RBC Economics

### Central bank policy rates at record lows

#### Advanced economies: policy rate

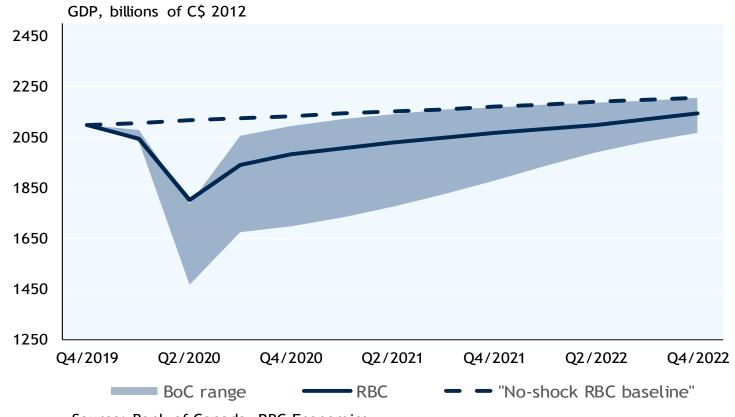
end of period



Source: Haver Analytics, RBC Economics

### Canada will also struggle to return to pre-virus levels

RBC vs. BoC Real GDP Scenarios

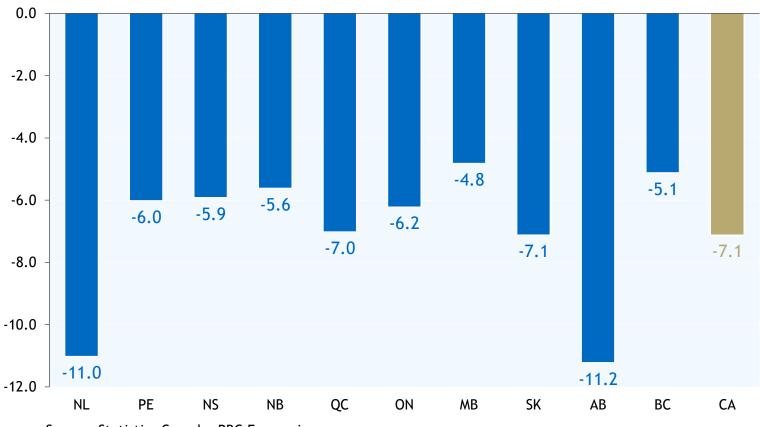


Source: Bank of Canada, RBC Economics

### Broad based decline in 2020

#### Deep recessions all around

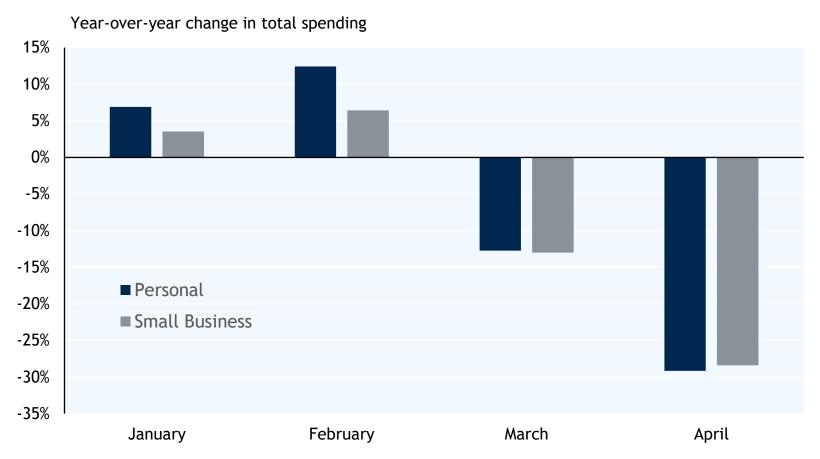
Annual % change in provincial real GDP, 2020



Source: Statistics Canada, RBC Economics

### RBC spending tracker: large pullb ack in April

Despite mid-month pick-up, slow April spending eclipses an already bad March



Source: RBC Economics, RBC Data & Analytics

### Small business, big challenges

SMEs are b earing the b runt of the lockdown



### 1. Small & Medium Enterprises

 Small firms have recorded almost double the rate of j obs losses as mid-and largesiz ed firms

### 2. Leisure Industry

 GDP in hardest-hit sectors ex pected to remain 40% b elow J anuary levels at yearend



### Gauging the mood



- 4 / 5 b usinesses ex perienced revenue declines
- Businesses laid off 75% of their staff
- 2/ 3 ex perienced a revenue decline of 50%+



# Canada's SME support is more generous than the U. S., but mostly repayable



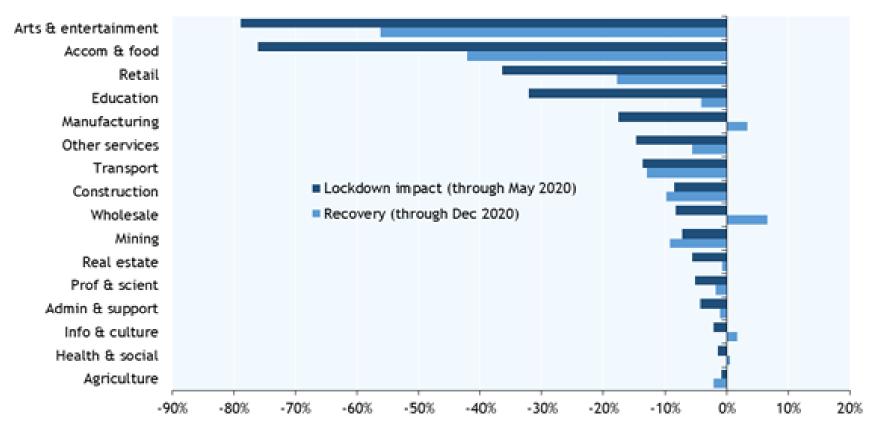


Source: RBC Economics

### Most industries won't recover lost output in 2020

#### Projected GDP by industry

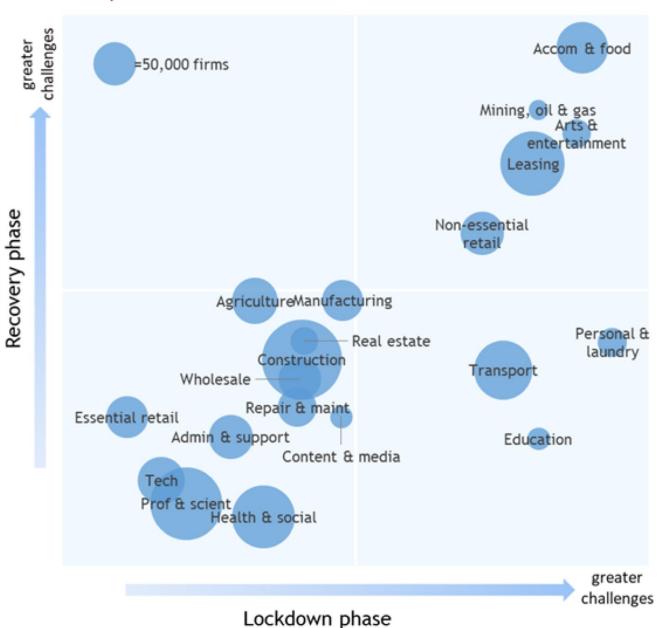
percent change vs. January 2020



Source: RBC Economics

#### COVID-19 SME Scorecard

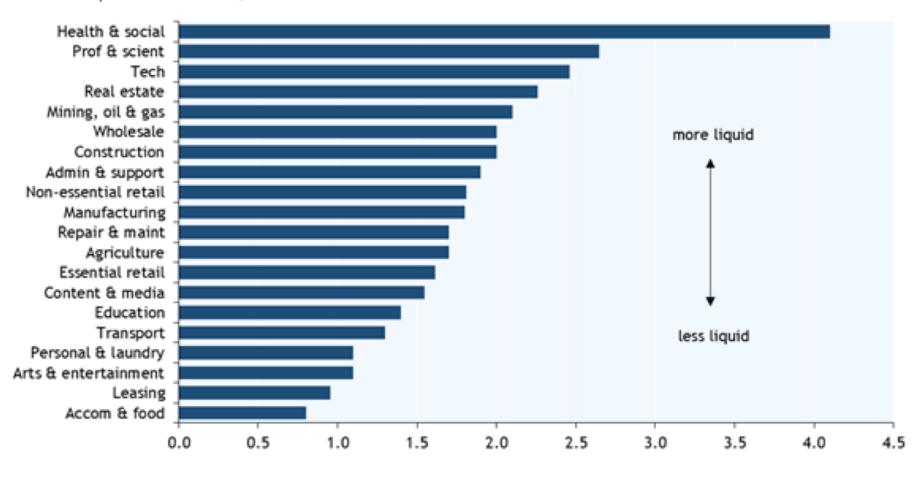
incorporated businesses \$30K-5M annual revenue





#### SME liquidity (short-term assets vs. liabilities)

incorproated businesses \$30K-50M annual revenue

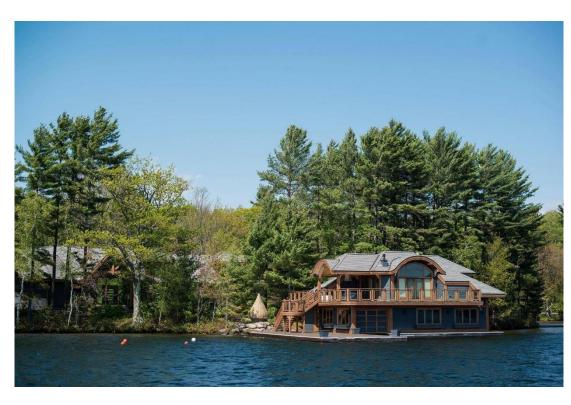


Source: ISED, Statistics Canada, RBC Economics



### Leisure industry hit hardest by lockdown

Restaurants, accommodations, entertainment



#### Value of tourism

 One out of 11 j obs in Canada is directly tied to travel

### Leisure industry

 7. 1% contraction in 2020, reb ound in 2021



### For Canadian tourism, Canadians matter most

80%

of tourism spending is domestic

of the economy

Canada's tourism

sector represents

2%

**Canadians spent** 

\$ 900M

more abroad per month than foreigners spend here

During the pandemic, domestic flights dropped

60%



### COVID is leaving its mark on the tourism sector

- Pandemic could cause Canadians to redirect some spending domestically
- Canadians will be reluctant to fly, but they'll drive

Domestic economic slowdown will hit tourism sector harder than a drop in international travelers

Financing bridge will be needed to support the sector



### Consumers are looking for alternatives

Digital alternatives, e-commerce

Consumers looking toward at-home alternatives

- 2 Many uncomfortable travelling abroad or attending large venues or public gatherings
- Leisure sector susceptible to discretionary spending and broader economic performance



# 8 ways COVID will transform the economy and disrupt every b usiness



### 1. How we work Fewer offices, less paper, more productivity



### We're seeing...

 75% of Canadians would prefer to work from home more once restrictions ease

### This means...

 Employers will need to develop new ways to manage distributed workforces

### 2. How we shop More shipping, more local, more ex pensive



### We're seeing...

 78% of Canadians are more likely to choose Canadian brands/ products as a result of the pandemic

#### This means...

 Realignment of value chains. More local supplies, potentially higher prices due to lost efficiencies

### 3. How we watch More b inging, more culture, more glob al



### We're seeing...

- Less spending on public entertainment and more on home entertainment
  - Netflix added 16 million
     sub scrib es in Q1

### This means...

 Arts and culture providers need to find creative ways to deliver entertainment, rather than ex pect consumers to leave their homes



### 4. How we share More b andwidth, more data, more hacks



### We're seeing...

 More cyber hacks – 44 records are stolen from breaches each second

### This means...

 Greater demand for companies that transmit and store data safely



### 5. How we travel More local, more modest, more active



### We're seeing...

 Only 32% of Canadians willing to stay at a hotel or resort once the pandemic is over

#### This means...

 Slow and thinly distrib uted recovery to tourism, with more road-b ased vacations to smaller centres

## 5. How we travel Airb nb says: more rentals, smaller cities, b ack to b asics



- There will be a "travel redistribution"
  - Focus on smaller cities and communities
  - Levelling of the playing field
- Airb nb has more homes listed than before crisis
- Believes people will rent properties to b oth stay and WFH
  - Mid-April, 50% of b ookings were monthly rentals

# 6. How we heal More protection, more screening, more ex pensive



### We're seeing...

 Screening technology such as thermal cameras in airports and train stations, as well as hospitals and clinics

#### This means...

 Mass shift to remote healthcare through video-consultations



### 7. How we learn Remote, interactive, personal



### We're seeing...

 1. 4 million Canadian university students shifting to online learning

### This means...

 Traditional course design and pedagogy will turn to alternative delivery methods



# 8. How we trade More protectionism, fewer imports, higher prices



### We're seeing...

 Baltic Dry Index – a key measure of international trade – is down 80% since last summer

#### This means...

 Countries re-evaluating economic security and restructuring supply chains, with more talk of economic nationalism





### Thank you

